

EXPLANATION

NON-FEDERAL COAL LAND - Land for which the Federal Government does not own the coal rights.

SUBSURFACE MINING LIMIT - Showing areas where dips of coal beds are greater than 15° and subsurface mining by conventional methods is not considered feasible. Reserve Base tonnages are calculated beyond limit; Reserve tonnages are not. Arrow points toward area where dips are greater than 15°.

FR - Fillmore Ranch
COAL BED SYMBOL AND NAME

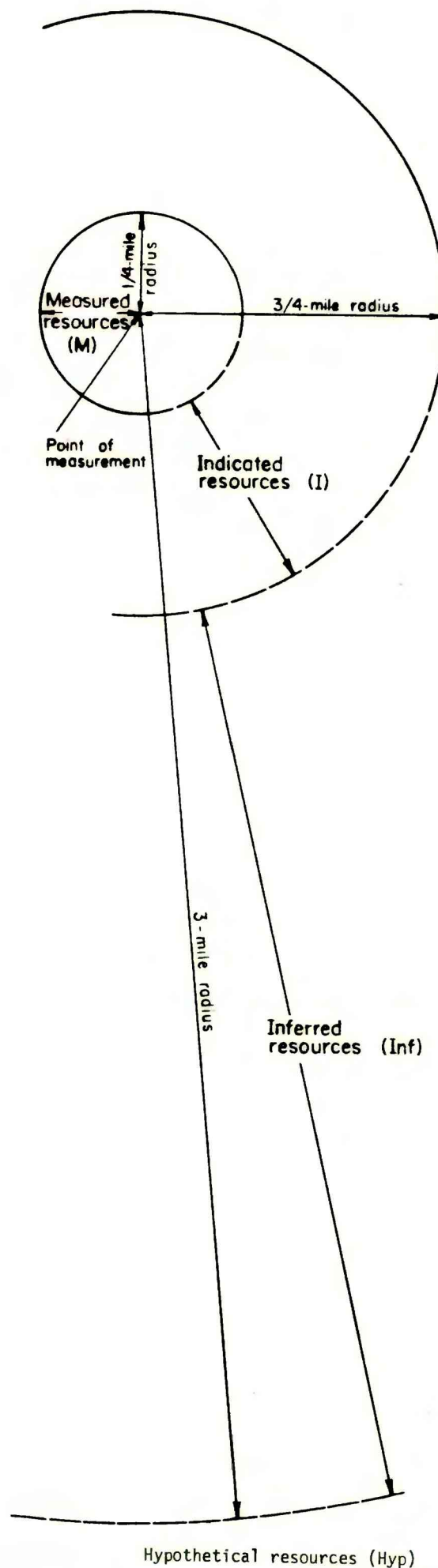
3,000-FOOT-OVERBURDEN ISOPACH - Arrow points toward area where overburden is 3,000 feet or less thick.

TRACE OF COAL BED OUTCROP - Showing symbol of name of coal bed as listed above. Arrow points toward coal-bearing area. Dashed where inferred.

STRIPPING-LIMIT LINE - Boundary for surface mining (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). Arrow points toward the area suitable for surface mining where the recovery factor is 85 percent, and away from the area suitable for subsurface mining (down dip to the 3,000-foot-overburden isopach) where the recovery factor is 50 percent.

RB	R(85%)	RB	R(50%)
0.77	0.65	—	(Measured)
0.01	0.01	—	(Indicated)
—	—	7.74	3.87 (Inferred)
—	—	Hyp - 3.95	

IDENTIFIED COAL RESOURCES - Showing totals for Reserve Base (RB) and Reserves (R), in millions of short tons, for each section or part of section of non-leased Federal coal land, both within and beyond the stripping-limit line. Reserve (R) tonnage is calculated by multiplying the Reserve Base (RB) tonnage by the appropriate recovery factor. Dash indicates no resource in that category. Underground Reserves have been calculated for only that part of the Reserve Base that is suitable for underground mining, and do not include Reserves for areas where the dip of the coal bed exceeds 15°. Also, Reserves have been calculated for a constant thickness of 12 feet for areas where the coal beds are more than 12 feet thick. Therefore, in some instances, underground Reserves may be less than 50 percent of the Reserve Base.



To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.

To convert miles to kilometers, multiply miles by 1.6093.

COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE DUCK LAKE
QUADRANGLE, CARBON COUNTY, WYOMING

BY
DAMES & MOORE
1979

PLATE 13

AREAL DISTRIBUTION AND IDENTIFIED AND
HYPOTHETICAL RESOURCES MAP OF THE
UPPER AND LOWER SPLITS OF
THE FILLMORE RANCH COAL BED